

SAMPLE PAPER– 2025-26 (SET–B)

ENGLISH CLASS-VI

TIME: 3 Hours

M.M-80

General Instructions:

Read the instructions carefully and follow them:

1. This question paper comprises 11 questions. All questions are compulsory.
2. The question paper contains THREE sections –
Section – A: Reading Skills
Section – B: Grammar and Creative Writing Skills
Section – C: Literature Textbook
3. Attempt questions based on specific instructions for each Part.

Section - A (Reading Skills)

1. Read the unseen passage carefully and answer the following given questions. (10)

Renewable sources of energy are those that do not get exhausted easily and can be used again and again. Solar energy, wind energy, and hydroelectric power are common examples. Solar panels convert sunlight into electricity, while windmills use the force of wind to generate power. These sources help reduce the use of fossil fuels such as coal and petroleum.

Renewable energy is environment-friendly as it causes less pollution and helps in controlling climate change. Many countries are now investing in renewable energy projects to meet their growing energy needs. Although the initial cost of setting up these systems is high, they are beneficial in the long run and help conserve natural resources.

Questions:

1. Name one renewable source of energy. (1 mark)
2. How is solar energy converted into electricity? (2 marks)
3. Complete the following: (1 mark)
Renewable sources can be used again and again and do not get _____ easily.
4. Complete the analogy: (1 mark)
Solar panels : Sunlight :: Windmills : _____
5. State whether the following statement is True or False: (1 mark)
Renewable energy increases pollution.
6. Fill in the blank: (1 mark)
Renewable energy helps in controlling _____ change.
7. Choose the correct option: (1 mark)
Which of the following is fossil fuel?
a) Wind b) Sunlight c) Coal d) Water
8. Why are renewable sources beneficial in the long run? (2 marks)

2. Read the unseen passage carefully and answer the following questions. (10 marks)

Arjun was very excited because his school was organizing a tree plantation drive. All the students were asked to bring a sapling and plant it in the school playground. The principal explained that trees give us oxygen, provide shade, and help keep the environment clean. Arjun brought a mango sapling from a nearby nursery.

The students worked together to dig the soil and carefully place their plants in the ground. Their science teacher reminded them that planting a tree was not enough; they also needed to water it regularly and protect it from animals. Arjun promised himself that he would take care of his plant every day.

Months later, the small sapling had grown taller with bright green leaves. Arjun felt proud when visitors appreciated the green playground. He understood that even small efforts can make a big difference to nature.

Questions

1. Why was Arjun excited? (2 marks)
2. Who explained the importance of trees to the students? (1 mark)
3. **State whether the following statement is True or False:** (1 mark)
Arjun brought a neem sapling to school.
4. **Fill in the blank:** (1 mark)
Trees give us _____ and help keep the environment clean.
5. **Complete the following statement:** (1 mark)
The science teacher reminded the students that planting a tree was not enough; they also needed to _____.
6. **Find the error in the sentence and correct it:** (1 mark)
The students were planting trees in the playground.
7. What did Arjun learn from the tree plantation drive? (2 marks)
8. **Multiple Choice Questions:** (1 mark)
What kind of sapling did Arjun bring?
a) Apple b) Mango c) Banana d) Orange

Section -B (Grammar and Writing 20 marks)

Grammar (10 marks)

3. Do as directed

1.1. Choose the correct time expressions:

_____ I get my exam results, I will call you.

- a . As long as
- b. The moment

2. Use the gerund in one sentence and the infinitive in the other.

- a. I am trying _____(learn) Chinese but it's very difficult.
- b. Why don't you try _____(wear) flat shoes with those jeans? I think they would look better.

3. Choose the correct word pair to complete the sentences. (hard/ hardly or shortly/ short)

I _____ ever seen Neha anymore because she is training_____ for the gymnastic championship.

4. Underline the phrase and state its kind

They run as fast as possible.

5. Combine the two sentences into one using a relative pronoun.

I have a friend. She is learning Chinese this year.

6. Choose the emotion expressed in the sentence.

Hush! I can help with steps.

- a. Asking to be silent.
- b. Surprise.

7. Combine sentences to make simple sentences.

It was a small room. I couldn't sleep in it.

8. Choose the correct verb and fill in the blanks.

A kilo of rice (cost/ costs) about a hundred rupees.

9. Choose the correct reporting verb, then complete the sentence.

“Everyone get out of my way!”

He said / ordered everyone _____.

10. Change the sentence from active to passive.

They had stolen the diamonds.

Writing (10 marks)

4. Attempt any one of the following

(5 marks)

a. Write a letter to the Municipal Commissioner complaining about non-functioning street lights in your neighbourhood.

b. Write a letter to your cousin inviting him/her to your birthday party and describing the preparations you have made for the celebration.

5. Attempt any one of the following

(5 marks)

a. You are the Cultural Secretary of your school. Write a notice informing students about an upcoming Inter-House Drawing Competition. Include the date, time, venue, and the last date for registration.

b. Develop a story using the following clues and give it a suitable title:

Clues:

A thirsty crow – hot summer day – finds a pot with little water – thinks of a plan – drops pebbles into the pot – water rises – crow drinks happily – moral.

Section C (Literature and Prose) (40 marks)

6. Read the following text and answer the given questions.

(5 marks)

Monday morning found Tom Sawyer miserable. Monday morning always found him so because it began another week's slow suffering in school.

1. Why did Tom not want to go to school?

- a) He was tired
- b) He wanted to go fishing
- c) He had not completed his homework
- d) He wanted to stay with his friends

2. What excuse did Tom first try to avoid going to school?

- a) Stomach ache
- b) Headache
- c) Toothache
- d) Fever

3. Who discovered that Tom was pretending to be sick?

- a) Sid

- b) Aunt Polly
- c) Becky
- d) Joe Harper

4. What did Aunt Polly do when she realized Tom's tooth was loose?

- a) Took him to the doctor
- b) Gave him medicine
- c) Pulled out the tooth
- d) Allowed him to miss school

5. Where did Tom go after deciding to skip school?

- a) To the market
- b) To the river
- c) To meet Huckleberry Finn
- d) To his friend's house

7. Read the lines and answer the following questions.

(5 marks)

I am feeling sick and getting worse.

I think I'd better see the nurse.

1. How does the speaker describe his condition in the poem?

- a) Strong and energetic
- b) Sick and weak
- c) Happy and excited
- d) Angry and upset

2. Why does the speaker creak and croak?

- a) He is shouting loudly
- b) He has a sore throat and cough
- c) He is laughing too much
- d) He is singing

3. What might happen because of the speaker's weak heart and feeble head?

- a) He may run fast
- b) He may faint and fall apart
- c) He may win a race
- d) He may go to school

4. What is the real reason the speaker talks so much about being ill?

- a) He wants to avoid school
- b) He enjoys visiting the doctor
- c) He wants to play outside
- d) He likes taking medicine

5. What is the tone of the poem?

- a) Serious and sad
- b) Funny and exaggerated
- c) Mysterious
- d) Fearful

8. Answer any four of the following questions.

(4x3=12)

1. Why did the narrator go into the library as a healthy man and come out as a decrepit wreck?
2. How had Dantes planned to escape after he was buried?
3. By whom was Demosthenes encouraged and how?
4. Why did the cashier ask the old woman to bring her own grocery bag?

9. Answer any three of the following questions.

(3x2=6)

1. Why were plastic bottles not used 50 years ago?
2. Why do you think the poet has repeated the three sentences after every stanza?
3. How did the aunt poly remove his tooth?
4. Why would the jailer think that Dantes was asleep?

10. Answer any two of the following questions.

(2x3= 6)

1. Do you think that the title "Where do the children play" is a suitable one? Can you think of any other suitable title?
2. What did the writer do to confirm that he is a hypochondriac?
3. Do you think Demosthenes was an ambitious man?

11. Answer any one of the following questions.

(1x6=6)

1. Why do you think Aunty Polly laughed and cried?
2. What does the unsung hero do on the battlefield and on the planet?

SAMPLE PAPER- 2025-26 (SET-B)

HINDI CLASS-VI

TIME: 3 Hours

M.M-80

निर्देश:-

- प्रश्न -पत्र चार खंडों में विभक्त है।
- सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर देना अनिवार्य है।
- प्रश्न- पत्र को ध्यान पूर्वक पढ़े और क्रमानुसार उत्तर दें।
- सभी प्रश्नों के निर्धारित अंक उनके सम्मुख अंकित किए गए हैं।

खंड 'क' (अपठित अवबोधन)

प्रश्न 1- दिए गए 'अपठित खंड' को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़े और पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें-

(5)

'अपठित गद्यांश'

समय हमारे जीवन की सबसे मूल्यवान संपत्ति है। जो व्यक्ति समय का सदुपयोग करता है, वही जीवन में सफल होता है। समय एक बार निकल जाए तो वह लौटकर नहीं आता। जो लोग समय को व्यर्थ कार्यों में नष्ट कर देते हैं, उन्हें बाद में पछतावा करना पड़ता है। विद्यार्थी जीवन में समय का सही उपयोग करना बहुत आवश्यक है, क्योंकि इसी समय में पढ़ाई और अच्छे संस्कारों की नींव पड़ती है। नियमित परिश्रम और अनुशासन से समय का महत्व समझा जा सकता है।

प्रश्न:-

1. समय को जीवन की सबसे मूल्यवान संपत्ति क्यों कहा गया है?
2. समय का सदुपयोग करने वाले व्यक्ति के साथ क्या होता है?
3. समय व्यर्थ करने वालों को किस बात का पछतावा होता है?
4. विद्यार्थी जीवन में समय का सही उपयोग क्यों आवश्यक है?
5. इस गद्यांश का उपयुक्त शीर्षक लिखिए।

प्रश्न 2-दिए गए 'अपठित काव्य खंड' को ध्यान पूर्वक पढ़ें और पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें-

(5)

'अपठित काव्य खंड'

सुबह की किरण आई हँसकर,
जग को उसने प्यार सिखाया।
ओस बूँदों ने चमक बिखेरी,
फूलों ने मुस्कान सजाया।
पंछी गाने लगे सुरों में,
पेड़ों ने भी तान मिलाई।
मेहनत से जो दिन को जीते,
उसकी होती सदा भलाई।

प्रश्न:-

1. सुबह की किरण ने जग को क्या सिखाया?
2. कविता में प्रकृति के किन-किन रूपों का वर्णन किया गया है?
3. ओस की बूँदों का क्या कार्य बताया गया है?
4. कवि के अनुसार भलाई किसकी होती है?
5. इस काव्य खंड का उपयुक्त शीर्षक लिखिए।

खंड 'ख' (पठित अवबोधन)

प्रश्न 3-दिए गए 'पठित खंड' के आधार पर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें-

(5)

'गद्यांश'

माँ को अपने बेटे और किसान को अपने लहलहाते खेत देखकर जो आनंद आता है, वही आनंद बाबा भारती को अपना घोड़ा देखकर आता था। भगवत भजन से जो समय बचता वह घोड़े को अर्पण हो जाता। वह घोड़ा बड़ा सुंदर था, बड़ा बलवान। उसके जोड़ का घोड़ा सारे इलाके में न था। बाबा भारती उसे सुल्तान कह कर पुकारते, अपने हाथ से छरहरा करते। खुद दाना खिलाते और देख देखकर प्रसन्न होते थे। उन्होंने रुपया, माल, असबाब जमीन आदि अपना सब-कुछ छोड़ दिया था। यहाँ तक कि उन्हें नगर के जीवन से भी घृणा थी। अब गाँव से बाहर एक छोटे से मंदिर में रहते और भगवान का भजन करते थे। "मैं सुलतान के बिना नहीं रह सकूँगा", उन्हें ऐसी भ्रांति सी हो गई थी। वे उसकी चाल पर लट्टू थे। कहते, "ऐसे चलता है जैसे मोर घटा को देखकर नाच रहा हो" जब तक संध्या समय सुलतान पर चढ़कर आठ-दस मील का चक्कर न लगा लेते, उन्हें चैन न आता।

प्रश्न:-

1. बाबा भारती को अपना घोड़ा देखकर कैसा अनुभव होता था?
2. बाबा भारती अपने घोड़े को किस नाम से पुकारते थे और क्यों?
3. बाबा भारती ने रुपया, मात, असबाब और जमीन क्यों छोड़ दी थी?
4. सुल्तान की चाल देखकर लोग उसकी तुलना किससे करते थे?
5. नगर के जीवन से ऊबकर बाबा भारती ने किस प्रकार का जीवन अपनाया?

प्रश्न 4- दिए गए 'पद्य खंड' को ध्यान पूर्वक पढ़ें और पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें-

(5)

'पद्यांश'

जताते चलो ये दिये स्नेह भर-भर कभी तो धरा का अंधेरा मिटेगा।
भले शक्ति विज्ञान में है निहित वह कि जिससे अमावस बने पूर्णिमा सी,
मगर विश्व पर आज क्यों दिवस ही में घिरी आ रहीं है अमावस निशा-सी।
बिना खेह विद्युत दिये जल रहे जो बुझाओ इन्हें, यों न पथ मिल सकेगा।।
जला दीप पहला तुम्हीं ने तिमिर की चुनौती प्रथम बार स्वीकार की थी।
तिमिर की सरित पार करने तुम्हीं ने बना दीप की नाव तैयारकी थी।
बहाते चलो नाव तुम वह निरंतर कभी तो तिमिर का किनारा मिलेगा।।

प्रश्न:-

1. कवि ने 'जताते चलो' से क्या अभिप्राय व्यक्त किया है?
2. कवि के अनुसार विज्ञान में कौन सी शक्ति निहित है?
3. बिनास्नेह के जल रहे दीपों को बुझाने की सलाह कवि क्यों देता है?
4. 'दीप की नाव' बनाने का अर्थ इस पद में क्या है?
5. कवि 'तिमिर का किनारा' मिलने से क्या आशय रखता है?

प्रश्न 5-दिए गए प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं पांच प्रश्नों के अति लघु उत्तरीय उत्तर दें-

(10)

1. मुंशी प्रेमचंद का पूरा नाम बताइए।
2. क्रेयोल क्या था?
3. 'चेतक की वीरता' कविता के कवि का नाम बताइए।
4. एक पहर में कितने घंटे होते हैं?
5. हिरण समूह में क्यों रहते थे?
6. दीवान साहब द्वारा नौकरी छोड़ने के निश्चय का क्या कारण था?

प्रश्न 6-दिए गए प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं तीन प्रश्नों के विस्तृत उत्तर दें-

(12)

1. नेशनल पार्क और चिड़ियाघर में अंतर बताइए।
2. "खिलाड़ी को किसान की सूरत देखते ही सब बातें ज्ञात हो गईं" खिलाड़ी को कौन-कौन सी बातें पता चल गईं?

3. महाराणा प्रताप कौन थे?
4. असम कहां स्थित है? और यह किस लिए प्रसिद्ध है?

खंड 'ग' (व्याकरण अवबोधन)

प्रश्न 7- नीचे लिखे शब्दों के दो- दो पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखें- (5)

1. पथ
2. अश्व
3. कबूतर
4. श्रेष्ठ
5. संसार

प्रश्न 8-दिए गए शब्दों का समास- विग्रह तथा समास की पहचान करें- (5)

1. भाई- बहन
2. देशप्रेम
3. यथासमय
4. चौराहा
5. त्रिलोचन

प्रश्न 9-दिए गए विराम चिह्नों का प्रयोग करते हुए एक-एक वाक्य बनाएं- (5)

1. प्रश्नवाचक चिह्न
2. पूर्ण विराम
3. अर्ध विराम
4. कोष्ठक चिह्न
5. निर्देशक चिह्न

प्रश्न 10-दिए गए प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं तीन प्रश्नों के उत्तर दें- (12)

1. वाक्य किसे कहते हैं ? अर्थ के आधार पर वाक्य के कितने भेद होते हैं?
2. विलोम शब्द और पर्यायवाची शब्द की परिभाषा उदाहरण के साथ लिखें।
3. कर्मधारय समास और बहुव्रीहि समास में क्या अंतर है?
4. स्वर संधि और व्यंजन संधि की परिभाषा उदाहरण के साथ लिखें।
5. मुहावरे और कहावतों में क्या अंतर है?

खंड 'घ' (रचनात्मक कार्य)

प्रश्न 11-दिए गए विषयों में से किसी एक विषय पर अनुच्छेद- (5)

1. सुबह की सैर
अथवा
2. स्वच्छता का महत्व

प्रश्न 12-दिए गए विषय में से किसी एक विषय पर निबंध लिखें- (6)

1. वृक्ष हमारे साथी
अथवा
2. हमारे राष्ट्रीय पर्व

- a) 20 m b) 10 sq m c) 25 sq m d) 20 sq m
17. A circle has how many lines of symmetry?
 (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 4 (d) Infinite

18. Numbers that are less than zero are called:
 (a) Whole numbers (b) Natural numbers
 (c) Positive numbers (d) Negative numbers

19. Assertion (A): Numbers that are less than zero are called negative numbers.
 Reason (R): Negative numbers are used to represent quantities such as loss, debt, or temperature below zero.
 Choose the correct option:
 A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 C. A is true but R is false
 D. A is false but R is true

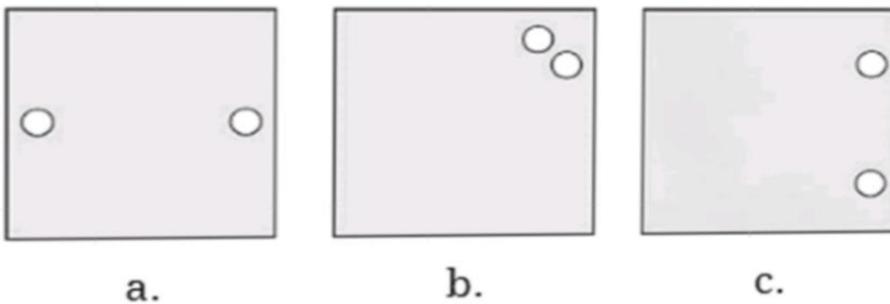
20. Assertion (A): Using a compass, we can draw a circle of a given radius.
 Reason (R): A compass keeps one point fixed at the centre and the other point moves at a constant distance.
 Choose the correct option:
 A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 C. A is true but R is false
 D. A is false but R is true

Section -B

21. The perimeter of a square is 36 cm. Find the length of its side.
 22. How many number of lines of symmetry of the letter Z of the English alphabet .
 23. Write any two fractions equivalent to $\frac{7}{14}$.
 24. Complete the multiplication 5×4 using tokens.
 25. Solve: (a) $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{5}{4}$ (b) $\frac{7}{3} - \frac{5}{3}$.

SECTION - C

26. A rectangular field is 40 m long and 25 m broad. Find:
 (a) Its perimeter
 (b) The cost of fencing it at ₹18 per metre
 27. In each of the following figures a hole was punched in a folded square sheet of paper and then the prepare was unfolded. Draw a line of symmetry according to given holes.



28. Construct a rectangle that can be divided into 3 identical squares.

29. Use a number line to find:

(a) $3 + (-5)$

(b) $(-4) + 6$

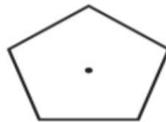
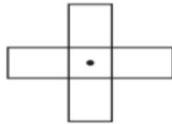
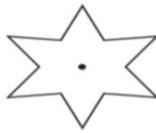
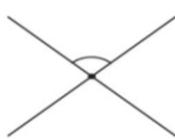
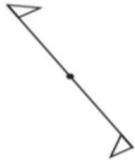
30. On a number line, mark the integers: $-5, -3, 0, 6, 1$. Arrange them in ascending order.

31. If the Target is Floor is -1 and Starting Floor is -2 , what button should you press?

SECTION- D

32. Construct a bigger house in which all the sides are of length 7 cm.

33. Give the order of rotational symmetry for each figure: (Any Five)



34. Arrange the fractions $\frac{3}{8}, \frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{5}{8}$ in ascending order.

Breaking Rectangles

35. A pizza is divided into 8 equal slices. Amit eats 3 slices and Sumit eats 5 slices. Express the parts eaten by them as fractions and find who ate more.

SECTION- E

36. A rope is cut into 8 equal parts. Rina uses 3 parts.

a) What fraction is used?

b) What fraction remains?

c) If 2 more parts are used, what fraction remains?

37. Suppose you open a bank account at your local bank with the ₹ 100 that you had been saving over the last month. Your bank balance therefore, starts with at ₹ 100.

Then you make ₹ 60 at your job the next day and deposit it in your account. This is shown in your bank passbook as a 'credit'

(a) Your new bank balance is

The next day you pay your electric bill of ₹ 30 using your bank account. This is shown in your bank passbook as 'debit'

(b) Your bank balance is now

The next day you make a major purchase for your business of ₹150. Again this is shown as debit.

(c) What is your bank balance now? Is this possible.

38. A park is in the shape of a square of side 14 m.

(a) Find its perimeter.

(b) Find its area.

(c) Find the cost of fencing at ₹15 per metre.

SAMPLE PAPER- 2025-26 (SET-B)
SCIENCE CLASS-VI

TIME: 3 Hours

M.M-80

General instruction

- i. This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.**
- ii. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.**
- iii. Section A consists of 20 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each.**
- iv. Section B consists of 6 Very Short questions carrying 02 marks each.**
- v. Section C consists of 7 Short Answer type questions carrying 03 marks each.**
- vi. Section D consists of 3 Long Answer type questions carrying 05 marks each.**
- vii. Section E consists of 3 Questions case study-based Questions of 04 marks each.**

Section-A

- 1-** The distance between Delhi and Mumbai is usually expressed in units of
(a) decametre. (b) metre (c) centimetre. (d) kilometre
- 2.** Which of the following is not a standard unit of measuring length.
(a) Millimetre. (b) Centimetre (c) Kilometre. (d) Handspan
- 3-** Which one of the following is a benefit of science?
A. Causes confusion B. Increases superstitions
C. Improves our daily life D. Makes us lazy
- 4-** Air is all around us but does not hinder us from seeing each other. Whereas, if a wooden door comes in between, we cannot see each other. It is because air is..... and the wooden door is..... choose the most appropriate option.
(a) Transparent, opaque (b) Translucent, transparent
(c) Opaque, translucent (d) Transparent, translucent
- 5-** An example of a non-flowering plant is:
A. Rose B. Mango C. Fern D. Sunflower
- 6-** Which of these is a balanced meal?
A. Only rice B. Burger and fries
C. Roti, dal, vegetables, and fruits D. Only chips
- 7-** Which of the following materials is not soluble in water?
(a) Sugar (b) Chalk powder (c) Salt (d) Vine
- 8-** Which of the following activities does not involve use of water?
(a) Washing clothes. (b) Cleaning utensils (c) Bathing. (d) Drying wet clothes
- 9-** Wind does not help in the movement of which of the following?
(a) Firki. (b) Weather cock (c) Ceiling fan. (d) Sailing yacht
- 10-** Which of the following objects is opaque?

- (a) Frosted glass (b) Glass tumbler (c) Window glass (d) Wooden board

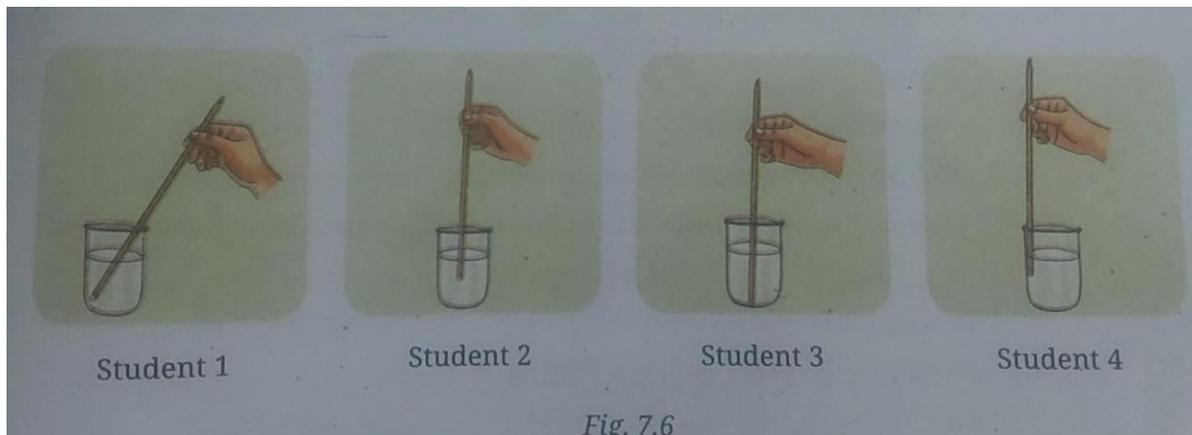
11- Which factor is usually essential for the filtration?

- a) Apparatus size b) Presence of air c) Pore size d) Temperature of the mixture.

12-The method commonly used at homes to separate pebbles from rice, pulses, etc. is

- (a) decantation. (b) hand-picking (c) filtration. (d) threshing

13- Four students used a laboratory thermometer to measure the temperature of water as shown in Fig. 7.6:



Who do you think followed the correct way for measuring temperature?

- (a) Student 1. (b) Student 2 (c) Student 3. (d) Student 4

14- Organic wastes consist of

- (a) carbon (b) lead (c) aluminium (d) glass

15- An example of renewable resources is.

- a) Coal. b) Water c) Natural gas. d) Petrol

16- Which of the following undergoes sublimation (changes directly from solid to gas)?

- a) Ice. b) Salt c) Camphor. d) Sugar

17- The range of laboratory thermometer is usually.....

- (a) 10°C to 100°C (b) -10°C to 110°C (c) 32°C to 45°C (d) 35°C to 42°C

18-Assertion (A): Animals depend on the planets for food

Reason (R): Animals can not make their own food like plants.

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 c) A is true but R is false
 d) A is false but R is true

19-Assertion (A): Coal and petroleum are renewable resources.

Reason (R): They are formed over millions of years.

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 c) A is true but R is false
 d) A is false but R is true

20-Assertion (A): Decantation is used to separate oil from water.

Reason (R): Oil and water have different boiling points.

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
- c) A is true but R is false
- d) A is false but R is true

Section-B

Answer the following question in brief.

21- You are provided the following:

- (i) Canned fruit juice
- (ii) Fresh fruit juice
- (iii) Fresh fruit

Which one would you prefer and why?

22 - How is water present in the solid state in nature?

23- Pick the odd one out and give reasons:

- (i) Jwar, Bajara, Ragi, Chana
- (ii) Kidney beans, Green gram, Soya bean, Rice

24- Which one pole of magnet is placed near that of the other. Column II indicates the resulting interaction between them for different situations. Fill in the blanks.

Column I	Column II
N - N	-----
N - -----	Attraction
S - N	-----
----- - S	Repulsion

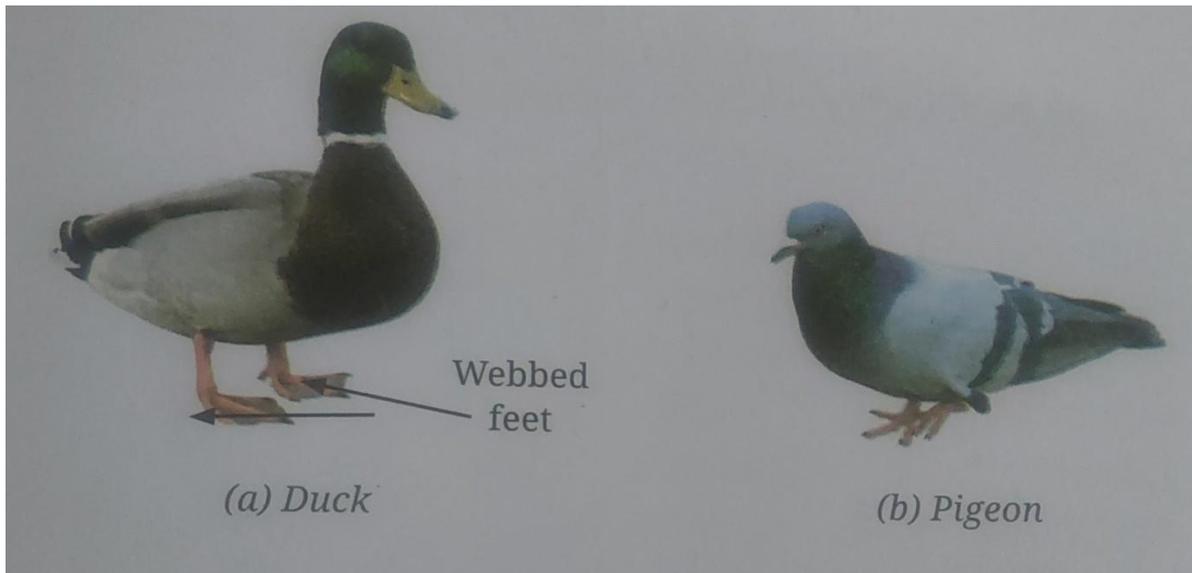
25- Classify the following as renewable or non-renewable resources- coal, natural gas, forest and minerals.

26- Define the term classification

Section-C

Short answer type of questions

27- Observe the labelled part of a duck in the picture given below. What differences do you observe in the feet of the duck compared to the other birds? Which activity would the duck be able to perform using this part?



28- Give two examples each for Linear, circular and oscillatory motion.

29- You have learnt that a tail is present in a tadpole but it disappears as it grows into a frog. What is the advantage of having a tail in the tadpole stage?

30- Define the following keywords.

(i) Culinary practices

(ii) Vitamins

(iii) Magnetic compass

(iv) Measurement

(v) Oscillatory motion

(vi) Classification

31- Draw the diagram of water cycle in nature.

32- You have learnt that a tail is present in a tadpole but it disappears as it grows into a frog. What is the advantage of having a tail in the tadpole stage?

33- Who am I? Identify me on the basis of the given properties.

(a) I have lustre.

(b) I can be easily compressed.

(c) I am hard and soluble in water.

(d) You cannot see clearly through me.

(e) I have mass and volume but you cannot see me.

Section-D

Answer the following question in details

34- Can we grow plants without germinating their seeds? Explore and cite some examples.

Or

Sugar is an example of carbohydrates. Sugar is tested with iodine solution but it does not change to blue-black colour. What can be a possible reason?

35 - List of 5 daily activities in which you use natural resources. Suggest ways by which you can reduce their use.

Or

How can you contribute toward enhancing the green cover of your locality? Make a list of actions to be taken

36- Fans move air around, creating a cooling sensation. It might seem strange to use a fan to dry wet clothes since fans usually make things cooler, not warmer. Normally, when water evaporates, it requires heat, not cold

Or

Think about the night sky and write a poem or a story on it.

Section-E

37- Case Study type of questions :

A group of students visited their school garden. They observed plants like rose, grass, and neem trees. They also saw ants, butterflies, earthworms, birds, and a dog. Near the garden gate, there was a toy car and a plastic bottle lying on the ground. Some plants were growing slowly, while others grew faster. The students noticed that plants bent towards sunlight and animals moved from one place to another in search of food.

1-Which of the following is a living characteristic shown by plants bending towards sunlight?

- a) Respiration b) Growth c) Response to stimuli d) Excretion

2-Why are ants and birds considered living organisms?

- a) They are colorful b) They can move and reproduce
c) They are small d) They are found in gardens

3- Which of the following objects observed is non-living?

- a) Earthworm b) Neem tree c) Plastic bottle d) Butterfly

4- Name any two characteristics of living organisms shown by plants in the garden.

38- Gaurav got a fracture in his leg. His doctor aligned the bones and put on a plaster. The doctor also gave him calcium tablets. On the second visit, the doctor gave him vitamin D syrup along with calcium tablets. On the basis of above passes.

Answer the following questions

- (i) Why did the doctor give calcium tablets to Gaurav?
(ii) On the second visit, Why did the doctor give vitamin D syrup along with calcium tablets?
(iii) What question arises in your mind about the choices made by the doctor in giving the medicines?

39 - While helping in the kitchen, Aanya saw her mother remove pebbles from rice using her hands. Later, she used a sieve to separate flour from larger husk particles. Her science teacher had taught her that different methods are used based on particle size and type.

Answer the following:

- 1.What is the method of removing pebbles from rice called?
2. What is the process of separating flour from husk using a sieve called?
- 3.On what property is sieving based?
4. Give one more example where hand-picking is used.
- 5.Define the hand picking method of separation.

SAMPLE PAPER – (2025-2026) (SET–B)
SOCIAL SCIENCE-VI

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. The question paper consists of **Sections A to J**.
3. The question paper contains **Objective, Short Answer, Long Answer, Case-based and Map-based questions**.
4. Use the outline political map of India provided for map work.
5. Marks are indicated against each question.

Section A: (1×10 = 10 Marks)

1. Multiple Choice Questions

- i. Which landform is created by river erosion?
 - a) Canyon
 - b) Delta
 - c) Plateau
 - d) Plain
- ii. The earliest Indian civilization was mainly based on:
 - a) Fishing
 - b) Agriculture
 - c) Mining
 - d) Trade
- iii. Who looks after water supply in a town or city?
 - a) Zilla Parishad
 - b) Municipal Corporation
 - c) Panchayat Samiti
 - d) State Government
- iv. Which activity belongs to the primary sector?
 - a) Teaching
 - b) Farming
 - c) Banking
 - d) Trading
- v. Which body is responsible for village administration?
 - a) Municipal Corporation
 - b) Gram Sabha
 - c) Lok Sabha

- d) Vidhan Sabha
6. Which of the following is the main feature of the Indian Constitution?
- Single citizenship
 - Parliamentary system
 - Federal system with a strong centre
 - Monarchy
7. Which movement was started against the partition of Bengal in 1905?
- Non-Cooperation Movement
 - Civil Disobedience Movement
 - Swadeshi Movement
 - Quit India Movement
8. Which type of agriculture is practiced on small landholdings using simple tools?
- Commercial farming
 - Plantation agriculture
 - Subsistence farming
 - Mixed farming
9. What is meant by 'Rule of Law'?
- Laws made by the king
 - Everyone is equal before law
 - Laws apply only to rich people
 - Laws are different for different religions
10. Which river is called the lifeline of Egypt?
- Tigris
 - Euphrates
 - Nile
 - Indus

Section B: (1 × 10 = 10 Marks)

2. Match the Columns

Column A	Column B
1. Northern Plains	a) Sand dunes
2. Coastal Plains	b) Formed by rivers
3. Desert	c) Sea coast region
4. Mohenjo-Daro	d) Festival of light
5. Great Bath	e) Planned city
6. Brick houses	f) Indus civilization feature
7. Gram Panchayat	g) Block level body
8. Panchayat Samiti	h) Village level body
9. Zila Parishad	i) District level body
10. Diwali	j) Drainage system

Section C (1 × 5 = 5 Marks)

3. - Fill in the Blanks

- a. The smallest unit of rural local government is the _____.
- b. Municipal Corporation works in big _____.
- c. Making goods in factories is called _____.
- d. The Harappan Civilization is also known as _____ Civilization.
- e. Cities are governed by _____ bodies.

Section D- (1 × 5 = 5 Marks)

4. True or False

- a. Landforms are natural features of the Earth's surface.
- b. The Indus Valley Civilization used baked bricks.
- c. Mountains are higher than plateaus.
- d. The Indus Valley Civilization used baked bricks.
- e. Shops and markets are part of economic activities.

Section E: (2×5 = 10 Marks)

5. Very Short Answer Questions (Answer any five questions)

- a. Name any two rivers of Northern India.
- b. Define economic activity.
- c. Which civilization existed along the Indus River?
- d. Write one function of a Municipal Corporation.
- e. Give one example of a local government office in urban areas.
- f. Name two rivers flowing through Northern plains.

Section F: (3×6 =18 Marks)

6. Short Answer Questions (Answer any six questions)

- a. Mention three features of Harappan houses.
- b. Name three trade-related activities you see around you.
- c. Explain the role of the Gram Sabha in village governance.
- d. Write any three Indian art forms or cultural practices.
- e. Why are Northern Rivers important for agriculture?
- f. Differentiate between a plateau and a hill.
- g. What are the functions of Gram Panchayat?
- h. Differentiate between primary and secondary activities.

Section G: (5×2 = 10 Marks)

7. Long Answer Questions (Answer any two questions)

- a. Describe the economy and trade of the Indus Valley Civilization.
- b. Explain the roles and responsibilities of a Zilla Parishad.
- c. Describe the main features of the Indus Valley Civilization.
- d. Explain the structure and functions of rural local do government.

Section H: (4 Marks)

8. Map Work

On the given outline map of India, locate and label of the following:

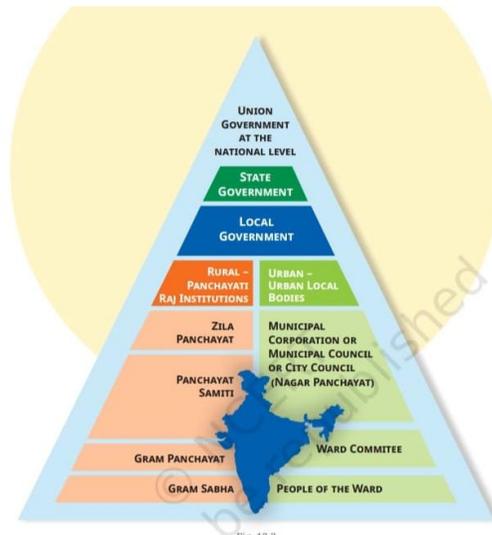
- Himalayas
- Northern Plains
- Deccan Plateau
- Arabian Sea

Section I: (3 Marks)

9. Figure-based Question

Study the diagram of a Municipal Corporation and answer:

- Name the head of the Municipal Corporation.
- Write any two responsibilities of the Municipal Corporation.



Section J: (6 Marks)

Case-Based Question

(5 × 1 = 5 Marks)

Early humans lived in caves and forests. They depended on hunting animals and gathering fruits, roots, and nuts for food. They used stones to make tools for hunting and cutting. Fire was an important discovery that helped them cook food, stay warm, and protect themselves from wild animals.

Answer the following questions:

- Where did early humans live?
- What were the two main ways early humans obtained food?
- Which material was used by early humans to make tools?
- Why was the discovery of fire important for early humans?
- Name one advantage of living in groups for early humans.

SAMPLE PAPER – (2025-2026) (SET-B)
COMPUTER –VI

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

1. The question paper is divided into two sections: Section A (Objective) and Section B (Subjective).
2. All questions are compulsory.
3. Read all the questions carefully before attempting.
4. Write neat and clear answers for better evaluation.
5. Ensure that your answers are correctly numbered.
6. Use time management effectively to complete the paper within the given time.

Section A: Objective (30 Marks)

1) Tick the correct option:-

[1 x 10 = 10]

- a) The second substantial boost to the development of AI happened with _____?
i) The Internet ii) Internet of Things iii) Static to Real Time Data iv) AI & Robotics
- b) Which of the following element is responsible for making the text bold in HTML?
i) <pre> (ii) <a> (iii) < iv)

- c) _____ uses English words as codes, symbols & mathematical operators.
i) Program (iii) Machine language
ii) Assembly language (iv) High level language
- d) Who developed python programming language?
i) Wick van Rossum iii). RasmusLerdorf
ii) Guido van Rossum iv). NieneStom
- e) Which of the following devices are controlled by AI in home automation?
i) Heating
ii) Lighting
iii) Both (i) and (ii)
iv) None of the above
- f) This AI will be surpassed what human beings are capable of doing today.
i) The Internet
ii) Internet of Things
iii) Static to Real Time Data
iv) AI & Robotics
- g) Which of the following tag is used to insert a line break in HTML?
i)
 (ii) <a> (iii) <pre> (iv)
- h) What are the application that can be done with help of AI Technology:
i) Face Detection ii) Emotion Recognition iii).Futrue Predictions iv). All of these
- i) The research in AI was restricted to problem solving & symbolic method.
i) 2003s
ii) 1956s
iii) 1950s
iv) 1970s
- j) Is python case sensitive when dealing with identifiers?
i) No

- ii) Yes
- iii) Machine Dependent
- iv) None of the Mentioned

2) Fill in the blanks:-

[1 x 10 = 10]

- a) AI is impacting our _____ each and every day.
- b) Website use artificial intelligence to improve the _____ experience.
- c) An HTML document has two parts _____ and _____
- d) Almost every household has a virtual assistant the controls _____.
- e) Ocala life, a company that has a digitalized device that can find _____
- f) The term Artificial Intelligence was first used in _____.
- g) IDLE stands for _____.
- h) _____ can help farmers to get more from the land.
- i) The first Artificial Intelligence personal assistant was produced in _____.
- j) Artificial Intelligence was conceptualized by _____ in _____.

3) Write the statement for either True or False.

[1 x 10 = 10]

- a) Military stimulations is the conceptualized Artificial Intelligence in 1970
- b) An HTML document is saved with the extension .html.
- c) The change in working and functioning of artificial intelligence in terms of IOT is known as the fourth wave.
- d) All variable name may consist of alphabet, digits and underscore.
- e) Alenturing first conceptualized Artificial Intelligence in 1970.
- f) A program typed in python is known as script.
- g) The line break tag did not avoids blank spaces between the lines.
- h) Only one type of data can be stroed in memory , in Python.
- i) Social intelligence is among one of the behavior that comes under term Intelligence.
- j) Machine learning and deep learning concepts used in face verification..

Section B: Subjective (50 Marks)

4) Answer the following Questions.

[5x6=30]

- a) How AI helps in building a smart home?
- b) Write the two disadvantages of Machine language.
- c) What is the basic structure of an HTML document?
- d) Name two software which are used to view an HTML document.
- e) Define variable. Also, mention the rules for naming a variable.
- f) Explain the use of input () function.

5) Write the full form.

[3 x 5 = 15]

- a) CPU (b) ALU (c) RAM (d) MU (e) IPO

6) Application based Questions. (any one)

[5 x 1 = 5]

- a) Write the output for the following code.
 - i) `ten = "10"`
`nine = "9"`
`sum = ten + nine`
 - ii) `ten = 10`
`nine = 9`
`sum = ten + nine`

print (sum)

print (sum)

or

- b) There are lot of IOT projects and applications, which are live now in our day today life based on Aritificial Intelligence. Amazon Alexa is one of the them. Try to figure out the component used behind these texhnologies.

-XXX-

SAMPLE PAPER-(2025-2026) (SET-B)
General Knowledge-VI

Time : 2 Hours

Maximum Marks : 40

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

All questions are compulsory.

1. The question paper consists of Sections A to H.
2. Read all questions carefully before answering.
3. Attempt the questions in the same order as given.
4. Marks are indicated against each question.
5. Write neat and legible answers.
6. For picture-based questions, observe the picture carefully.

Section – A: Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)

($\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$ Marks)

1. Which is the largest ocean in the world?
 - a) Atlantic Ocean
 - b) Indian Ocean
 - c) Arctic Ocean
 - d) Pacific Ocean
2. Which sport uses a shuttlecock?
 - a) Tennis
 - b) Badminton
 - c) Cricket
 - d) Hockey
3. Which sense organ helps us to see?
 - a) Ear
 - b) Eye
 - c) Nose
 - d) Tongue
4. Which day is celebrated as World Health Day?
 - a) 5 June
 - b) 22 April
 - c) 7 April
 - d) 2 October
5. Which festival is known as the Festival of Lights?
 - a) Holi
 - b) Eid
 - c) Christmas
 - d) Diwali
6. Which is the smallest continent?
 - a) Asia
 - b) Africa
 - c) Australia
 - d) Europe
7. Which is a string instrument?
 - a) Tabla
 - b) Drum
 - c) Guitar
 - d) Flute
8. Which is the fastest land animal?
 - a) Horse

- b) Tiger
 - c) Lion
 - d) Cheetah
9. Which country is called the Land of the Rising Sun?
- a) China
 - b) Japan
 - c) Thailand
 - d) Korea
10. Sharing is a good _____.
- a) Habit
 - b) Game
 - c) Work
 - d) Place

Section – B: Fill in the Blanks

($\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$ Marks)

1. Asia is the _____ continent in the world.
2. The Earth is called the _____ planet.
3. Cricket is played with a bat and a _____.
4. The capital of India is _____.
5. Respecting elders is a good _____.
6. The model of the Earth is called a _____.
7. Playing outdoor games keeps us _____.
8. A person who always speaks the truth is called _____.
9. A newspaper gives us _____ news.
10. Chess is an _____ game.

Section – C: True or False

($\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$ Marks)

1. The Earth has seven continents.
2. Entertainment refreshes our mind.
3. Good habits make life better.
4. News channels show current affairs.
5. We should always speak politely.
6. Australia is both a country and a continent.
7. Sports help us to stay physically fit.
8. A globe is a flat map of the Earth.
9. Helping others shows good life skills.
10. Traffic rules are made for our safety.

Section – D: Very Short Answer Questions

($1 \times 5 = 5$ Marks)

1. Name any one continent.
2. What is a globe?
3. Name any one indoor game.
4. What do you mean by life skills?
5. Name any one source of entertainment.

Section – E: Picture-Based Question

(5 Marks)

Look at the picture of a traffic signal and answer the following questions:



- a) What does the red light indicate?
- b) Why should we follow traffic rules?

(2 Marks)

(3 Marks)

Section – F: Short Answer Questions

(2½ × 2 = 5 Marks)

- 1. Name any two outdoor games and write one benefit of playing them.
- 2. What is meant by mixed-bag questions in General Knowledge?

Section – G: Long Answer Question

(5 Marks)

What are current affairs? Why are they important for students?

Section – H: Match Column A with Column B:

(5 Marks)

Column A

- a) Asia
- b) Olympics
- c) Chess
- d) Newspaper
- e) Honesty

Column B

- 1) Source of current affairs
- 2) Good life skill
- 3) International sports event
- 4) Indoor game
- 5) Largest continent

SAMPLE PAPER- 2025-26 (SET-B)

SANSKRIT CLASS-VI

TIME: 3 Hours

M.M-80

निर्देशाः

- प्रश्नपत्रं सम्यक् पठन्तु।
- सम्पूर्णं प्रश्नपत्रं चतुर्धा विभक्तं भवति।
- यत्र प्रत्येकस्य प्रश्नस्य विरुद्धं अङ्काः सूचिताः सन्ति ।
- उत्तरं लिखितुं पूर्वं सम्यक् प्रश्नसङ्ख्यां प्रविशन्तु।

खंड 'क' (अपठित अवबोधनम्)

प्रश्न 1-दत्तं अपठितं खण्डं सम्यक् पठन्तु, खण्डस्य आधारेण पृष्ठानां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तरं च ददतु।

(5)

'अपठित गद्यांशम्'

एकः बालकः ग्रामे वसति। सः प्रतिदिनं प्रातःकाले शीघ्रं उत्तिष्ठति। सः स्नानं कृत्वा विद्यालयं गच्छति। विद्यालये सः गुरुणां वचनं श्रद्धया शृणोति। सः स्वमित्रैः सह क्रीडति अपि च अध्ययनं करोति। सः सदैव सत्यं वदति तथा माता-पितरौ सम्मानयति। सर्वे ग्रामवासी तं बालकं प्रेम्णा पश्यन्ति।

प्रश्नाः

1. बालकः कुत्र वसति?
2. बालकः प्रतिदिनं प्रातःकाले किं करोति?
3. विद्यालये बालकः किम् करोति?
4. बालकः केषां सम्मानं करोति?
5. सर्वे ग्रामवासी बालकं कथं पश्यन्ति?

प्रश्न 2-दत्तं अपठितं काव्यखण्डं सम्यक् पठन्तु तथा च काव्यस्य आधारेण पृष्ठानां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तरं ददतु।

(5)

'अपठित पद्यांशम्'

प्रभाते जागरूकः बालः,
कर्तव्येषु सदा रतः।
मातापित्रोः सदा भक्तः,
गुरुवचनेषु विनीतः॥
ज्ञानमार्गं सदा याति,
सत्यं वदति नित्यदा।
शीलवान् स नरः लोके,
सर्वैः सन्मान्यते सदा॥

प्रश्नाः

1. बालः प्रभाते कीदृशः भवति?
2. बालः केषु सदा रतः अस्ति?
3. बालः केषां भक्तः अस्ति?
4. बालः नित्यं किं वदति?
5. लोके शीलवान् नरः कथं भवति?

खंड 'ख' (पठित अवबोधनम्)

प्रश्न 3- दत्तं पठनखण्डं सम्यक् पठन्तु, गद्याधारितं प्रश्नानाम् उत्तरं च ददातु।

(5)

'गद्यांशम्'

एषः सरोवरस्य तटः अस्ति। बालकाः गृहात् अत्र आगच्छन्ति। अत्र बालकाः क्रीडन्ति। रमेशः अत्र मित्रैः सह क्रीडति। ते कन्दुकेन क्रीडन्ति।

अत्र बालिकाः अपि क्रीडन्ति। अर्चना, अन्वीक्षा चेतना च किं कुर्वन्ति? ताः गृहं रचयन्ति। ताः बालुकाभिः गृहं रचयन्ति। ताः गृहं रचयन्ति। ताः बालुकाभिः गृहं रचयन्ति। सरोवरे कमलानि विकसन्ति। कमलेषु भ्रमराः गुञ्जन्ति। सरोवरे मत्स्याः अपि सन्ति। बालिकाः कमलानि अपि त्रोटयन्ति। अत्र केचन बालकाः स्नानं कर्तुम् आगच्छन्ति। बालकाः सरोवरे तर्तुम् आगच्छन्ति। सरोवरे नौकाः अपि सन्ति। जनाः तत्र नौकाभिः विहर्तुं गच्छन्ति। स्वास्थ्याय क्रीडनं, भ्रमणं तरणं च आवश्यकं भवति।

प्रश्नाः

1. एषः कस्य तटः अस्ति?
2. बालकाः गृहात् कुत्र आगच्छन्ति?
3. रमेशः कैः सह क्रीडति?
4. बालिकाः बालुकाभिः किं रचयन्ति?
5. सरोवरे के के सन्ति?

प्रश्न 4- अधोलिखितेषु कस्यचित् श्लोकस्य अर्थं लिखत।

(5)

श्लोक

1. परोपकाराय फलन्ति वृक्षाः,
परोपकाराय वहन्ति नद्यः।
परोपकाराय दुहन्ति गावः,
परोपकारार्थमिदं शरीरम्॥

अथवा

2. अलसस्यः कुतो विद्या,
अविद्यस्य कुतो धनम्।
अधनस्य कुतो मित्रम्,
अमित्रस्य कुतः सुखम् ॥

प्रश्न 5- उचितपदेन रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

(5)

[कन्दुकेन, भ्रमणाय, वृक्षात्, रामस्य, छात्रावासे]

- (क) सः _____ निवसति।
(ख) वन्दना _____ क्रीडति।
(ग) _____ पत्राणिपतन्ति।
(घ) जनकः _____ उद्यानं गच्छति।
(ङ) _____ जनकः दशरथः।

प्रश्न 6- अधोलिखितानां परस्परं मेलनं कुरुत।

(5)

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| (क) कन्दुकेन | मेघाः सन्ति |
| (ख) पठनाय | वर्णः हरितः |
| (ग) कूपात् क्रीडति | |
| (घ) शुकस्य | जलम् आनयति |
| (ङ) आकाशे | विद्यालयं गच्छति |

प्रश्न 7-दत्तानां वाक्यानि सम्यन् कृत्वा पुनः लिखन्तु-

(10)

अशुद्धम्

- (क) रामायणं लेखकः आदिकविः वाल्मीकिः।
(ख) शुकात् वर्णः हरितः।
(ग) काकं वर्णः कृष्णः।
(घ) विमर्शः रमेश पुस्तकं पठति।
(ङ) लक्ष्मणः रामः अनुजः।

खंड 'ग' (व्याकरणम् अवबोधनम्)

प्रश्न 8- शुद्धं वाक्यं लिखत-

(5)

- (क) सः भविष्यामि।
(ख) अहं करिष्यसि।
(ग) त्वं पठिष्यामि।
(घ) तौ भविष्यथः।
(ङ) आवां हसिष्यतः।

प्रश्न 9 -उचितपदेन रिक्तस्थानानि पूरयत।

(5)

[तौ, ते, एषः, एतत्, एषा]

उदाहरणम्- एतत् चित्रं।

- (क) _____ बालकौ।
(ख) _____ बालिके।
(ग) _____ राधा।
(घ) _____ विवेकः।
(ङ) _____ पुष्पम्।

प्रश्न 10--संस्कृतभाषायां अनुवादं कुर्वन्तु।

(10)

1. वृक्ष से पत्ते गिरते हैं।
2. वह पढ़ेगा।
3. रामायण के लेखक आदि कवि वाल्मीकि हैं।
4. क्या तुम विद्यालय जाओगे?
5. सीताराम की पत्नी थी।

खंड 'घ' (रचनात्मक कार्यम्)

प्रश्न 11-दत्तां संख्यां संस्कृतेन लिखत।

(10)

[11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20]

प्रश्न 12-दत्तप्रश्नेषु कस्यापि एकस्य उत्तरं ददातु।

(10)

(क) लट् लकारे 'लिख्' (लिखना) धातु रूपं लिखत।

अथवा

(ख) 'पठ्' (पढ़ना) धातु रूपं लृट् लकारे लिखत।