

Silver Grove school

Class 6

History

Set(A)

- Time 2 hours annual m.m. 50

Q(1) Choose the correct answer from the option given below: (5)

1. Ashoka invaded Kalinga in _____

(a) 261 BCE

(b) 265 BCE

(c) 270 BCE

(d) 362 BCE

2. The first historical empire in India was established by

(a) Ashoka

(b) Bindusara (c) Chandragupta

(d) Dhanananda

3. The Greek General whom Chandragupta defeated was _____

(a) Alexander

(b) Dhanananda

(c) Megasthenes

(d) Seleucus

4. Ashoka appointed special officers to propagate the principles of Dhamma. They were called:

(a) Sthaniks

(b) Senapati

(c) Dhamma Mahamattas

(d) Adhyakshas

5. The edicts of Ashoka were written in..

(c) Prakrit

(d) Brahmi

(a) Sanskrit

(b) Pali

RAN

5. Which of the following options is incorrect about the study of the Gupta period?

I. Not enough literary sources are available to study the Gupta period.

II. Most important archaeological source is the Allahabad pillar inscription.

III. Temples and paintings that have survived are other sources of study of Gupta period.

Options:

(a) I and II

(b) Only II

(c) II and III

6. Identify the king with the help of clues given.

I. He was the founder of Gupta dynasty.

II. He married Kumaradevi, a Lichchavi Princess.

III. He took the title of 'Maharajadhiraja' which means 'king of kings'.

Options:

(a) Chandragupta I © Chandragupta Maurya

(c) Chandragupta II (d) Narasimha gupta

7. How was the war of Kalinga a turning point in the life of Ashoka? Identify the appropriate reason from the following options.

(a) He won the war and became the undisputed ruler of the whole of India.

(b) He lost a lot of wealth in this war.

(c) Both (a) and (b)

(d) He was saddened by the death and destruction caused by the war and gave up wars.

8. Identify the ruler with the help of clues given.

I. He was the founder of first empire in India.

II. He was helped in his accession to power by Chanakya.

III. He became a Jain ascetic and abdicated his throne for his son.

Options:

1)Dhanananda

2) Chandragupta Maurya

3)Bindusar

4)Ashoka

9. Mohan is preparing a speech on the foreign travellers who visited India during Gupta Age.

Who among the following travellers he must mention in his speech?

(a) Faxian

(b) Domingo Paes

(c) Afanasy Nikitin

(d) Marco Polo

10. Who among the following wrote Brihat Samhita, an encyclopaedia on astronomy?

(a) Varahmihira

(b) Aryabhatta

(c) Dhanwantari

(d) Vagabhata

Q(2) State whether the following statement are true or false: (4)

1. Women have been given representation in the Panchayat.()

2. The members of Gram Panchayat vary from state to state.()

3. The Nyaya Panchayat can impose fines.()

4. Zila Parishad works at the village level.()

5. Municipal corporations have more powers than the municipalities.()

6. A person who has attained the age of 25 can vote in a municipal election.()
7. The Mayor and the Deputy Mayor are elected for one year.()
8. Record of births and deaths in a city are kept by the State government.()

Q(3) Fill in the blanks with appropriate words. (4)

1. Big cities have _____ as local self-government.
2. The head of the Municipal Corporation is called mayor _____
3. The Municipality arranges for checking food _____
4. Towns having ten to twenty thousand people have small bodies known as _____
5. Tax on goods and animals brought into or taken out of the town is known as _____
- (6) Panchayt means a team of _____ members.
7. Bindusara maintained his vast empire and extended it till present-day _____
8. The Greek ambassador in Chandragupta's court was named _____

Q

(4).Match column(a) with column (b). (5)

Column A. Column B

Match Column A with Column B

1. Shakari. (a) Great astronomers
2. Abhijnana Shakuntalam. (b) Wrote Panchtantra
3. Allahabad pillar inscription. (c) Harisena
4. Pandit Vishnu Sharma. (d) Written by Kalidasa

5. Aryabhatta and Varahmih

- (6)261 BCE (e) Ashoka's rule
- (7.) 268 BCE to BCE (f)kaling war
- (8)Stupa (g)order issued by Ashoka for his people
- (9) Edicts (h) Relics of Buddha are preserved in it
- (10) Division of city (l) wards

Q(5)Case Study Based Questions(3)

Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow.

Most prashastis also mention the ancestors of the ruler. This one mentions Samudragupta's great grandfather, grandfather, father and mother. His mother, Kumara devi, belonged to the Lichchhavi gana, while his father, Chandragupta, was the first ruler of the Gupta dynasty to adopt the grand title of maharaj-adhiraja, a title that Samudragupta also used. His great grandfather and grandfather are mentioned simply as maharajas. It seems as if the family gradually rose to importance.

1. The Prayag Prashasti was composed by
 - (a) Samudragupta
 - (b)Harisena
 - (c) Chandragupta II
 - (d) Both (a) and (b)
2. Which of the following is incorrect regarding the Prayag Prashasti?

- (a) It is in the form of a long poem.
- (b) Four different kinds of rulers have been described along with Samudragupta's policies towards them.
- (c) It mentions the genealogy of Samudragupta
- (d) It is inscribed on a pillar at Varanasi.

3. Why are prashastis not considered as a reliable source of information by the historians?

- (a) They were written by poets appointed by the king.
- (b) The descriptions were probably exaggerated by the poets.
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) It is not easy to decipher the language of the Prashastis.

Q(6). Assertion Reason Type Question(3)

In the questions given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option. (A)

- (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion
- (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A).
- (c) Assertion (A) is true, but Reason (R) is false.
- (d) Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.

Assertion (A) is false, but Reason (R) is true.

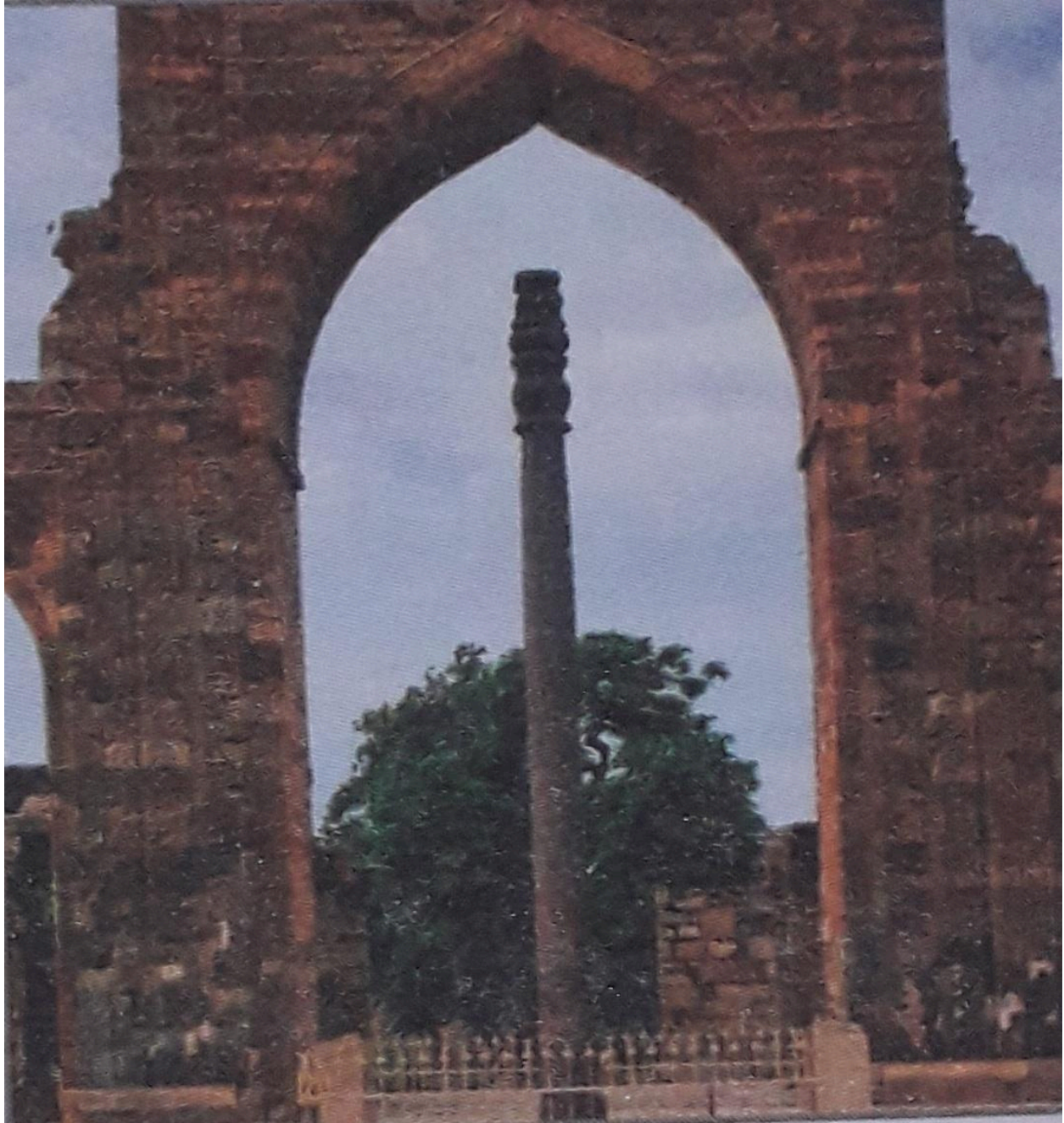
1. Assertion (A): The composition of a Zila Parishad varies from state to state.

Reason (R): Population varies from state to state.

2. Assertion (A): All the adults of a village are the members of Gram Sabha.

Reason (R): The members are elected by all the Sarpanchs or Pradhans of the village panchayats.

Q(7) Picture study. (2)



1. Identify the picture.
2. Where was originally erected
?

Q(8) Answer the following question. (Any six) (12)

1. What were the main advantages that helped Magadha to emerge as the most powerful kingdom?
2. Write a short note on Gupta administration.
3. Why is Chandragupta II considered the greatest ruler of the Gupta dynasty?
4. What were the religious beliefs of the people during the Gupta period?..?

5. How do the Municipalities get funds?

6. How did the battle of Kalinga affect Ashoka ?

Q(9)Map work (2)

On an outline map of India mark the following cities of the Mauryan Empire—

Sarnath ,

Vaishali,

Ujjain ,

Taxila

Q(10) Project.

(10)